

ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE

SO130

Progressive Discipline and Promoting Positive Student Behaviour

Board Received: May 31, 2010 **Review Date:** June 2013

Accountability:

Frequency of Reports – As needed
 Severity Threshold – As needed

3. Criteria for Success – Enhanced student safety

Effective student discipline

Improved student conduct

Improved student performance

1. Progressive Discipline Prevention and Awareness Raising

The Provincial Code of Conduct, the Grand Erie District School Board Code of Conduct, the Education Act, Ontario Regulation 472/07, Policy Program Memorandum (PPM) 128 (Provincial and School Board Codes of Conduct), 141 (programs for long term suspension), 142 (expulsion programs), 144 (bullying prevention) and 145 (progressive discipline), together with the Board's discipline policies and procedures create expectations for behaviour for all persons on school property, and outline strategies to be taken to reduce incidents and impose appropriate consequences for pupils. The Human Rights Code of Ontario has primacy over provincial legislation and School Board policies and procedures, such that the Education Act, regulations, Ministry of Education Program Policy Memoranda, the Board policies and procedures are subject to, and shall be interpreted and applied in accordance with the Human Rights Code of Ontario.

Each school will develop, in consultation with school councils, and having regard to this procedure, a continuum of interventions, supports, and consequences to address inappropriate student behaviours that are contrary to provincial and Board code of conduct, which includes, but is not limited to, inappropriate sexual behaviour, gender-based violence, homophobia, and harassment on the basis of sex, gender identity, sexual orientation, race, colour, ethnicity, culture, citizenship, ancestry, origin, religion, creed, family status, socio-economic status, disability and/or any other immutable characteristic or ground protected by the Human Rights Code.

The continuum of interventions, supports, and consequences developed must be developmentally appropriate, and should include opportunities for students to focus on improving behaviour. Consequences for inappropriate behaviour may include, but are not limited to, meeting with the parent(s)/guardian(s), student, and principal; referral to a community agency for counseling support and intervention, detentions or loss of privileges; and suspension and/or expulsion.

In considering the most appropriate response to address inappropriate behaviour, the following should be taken into consideration:

- 1. The particular student and circumstances (i.e. mitigating or other factors);
- 2. The nature and severity of the behaviour;
- 3. The impact on the school climate (i.e. the relationships within the school community); and
- 4. The Individual Education Plan for exceptional students.

Schools will use the data collected from their School Climate Surveys to work with Safe School Teams to build strategies into their School Improvement Plans to improve the school climate.

2. Progressive Student Discipline Model

The Grand Erie District School Board endorses early and ongoing prevention and intervention to promote positive behaviour. Opportunity for students to learn from their choices is a critical element. Teachers using classroom management strategies that focus on intervention and prevention, providing students with an opportunity to learn from their choices is critical.

The Progressive Discipline Model can be described as having four levels of intervention. The level of intervention or discipline is based on the consideration of the nature, severity and impact of the misconduct and of the mitigating and other factors, in each individual case, with the goal of changing the student's behaviour. Each progressive stage represents more serious behaviour and corresponding consequences. The intervention or level of discipline imposed is based on the nature, severity and impact of the behaviour within a context of mitigating and other factors. Documentation of student behaviour, intervention and response will be completed by school staff at all levels.

Level 1

Level one discipline is employed for minor acts of misconduct which interfere with orderly school procedures, functions, extracurricular programs, or a student's own learning. These minor acts are addressed through the classroom teacher, educational assistant and/or designated ECE.

Level 2

Level two discipline offences are immediate acts of misconduct that require increased intervention. These acts may include, but are not limited to, repeated unrelated acts of minor inappropriate behaviour directed against persons or property, but which do not seriously endanger the health, safety or well-being of others. Involvement of student support staff, parents/guardians and administration will support the student and assist the classroom teacher in correcting incidents of inappropriate behaviour.

Level 3

Level three offences requiring disciplinary intervention are serious acts of misconduct that have significant impact on the school climate, threats to health, safety or property. These offences must be reported to administration immediately. Suspension may be considered by the principal as a necessary intervention. Student, parents/guardians, school and support staff communication is necessary to resolve the issue and ensure that supports are in place to meet student needs.

Level 4

Level four offences represent the most serious acts of misconduct and as such may require intrusive intervention such as suspension pending expulsion. These acts may require the involvement of Police Services as per the Police and School Board Protocol.

A voluntary program for students on long-term suspension or expelled students is available for those that consent to participation. Non academic support from community agencies will be engaged by the Grand Erie Safe Schools Team, if necessary.

3. Reporting to Principals

The purpose of reporting incidents of inappropriate and disrespectful behaviour is to ensure that the principal is aware of any activities taking place in the school where suspension or expulsion must be considered.

Any employee of the Board who becomes aware that a student at school may have engaged in an activity for which suspension or expulsion must be considered shall report the matter to the principal as soon as reasonably possible. The employee must consider the safety of others and the urgency of the situation in reporting the incident, but, in any case, must report it to the principal no later than the end of the school day.

In cases where immediate action is required, a verbal report to the principal may be made. A written report, as outlined below, must be made when it is safe to do so.

All employee reports made to the principal must be confirmed in writing, using the "Safe Schools Incident Reporting Form – Part I". Upon receipt of this form principals must provide the person who submitted the report with a written acknowledgement on the "Safe Schools Incident Reporting Form – Part II". If no further action is taken by the principal, the principal is not required to retain the report, and should destroy it.

If the principal decides that action must be taken as a result of an incident of bullying, he or she will file a copy of the reporting form with documenting the action taken in the Ontario Student Record (OSR). The names of all other students that appear on the form – both aggressors and victims - must be removed from the form before it is filed in the student's OSR.

In the case of the victim, no information about the incident must be placed in his or her OSR, unless the victim or parent of the victim expressly requests that it be placed in the OSR.

In situations where the victim is also an aggressor and the principal has taken some action short of suspension, no information about the incident must be placed in the student's OSR if the principal has decided not to notify the student's parents. However if the principal has notified this students parents, information regarding the incident and the action taken will be placed in the OSR.

4. Responding to Incidents

The purpose of responding to incidents of inappropriate behaviour is to stop and correct the behaviour immediately so the student involved will learn that it is not acceptable.

Board employees who work directly with students – including administrators, teachers and non-teaching staff (including staff in social work, child and youth work, psychology, and related areas, and educational assistants) – must respond to any student behaviour that is likely to have a negative impact on the school climate. Such behaviours includes all inappropriate and disrespectful behaviour at any time at school or at a school related event if, in the employee's opinion, it is safe to respond to it.

Responding may include asking a student to stop the inappropriate behaviour; naming the type of behaviour and why it is inappropriate and/ or disrespectful; asking the student to correct the behaviour. When employees are aware that an incident involves a student with special educational needs, they are expected to respond in a way that is appropriate to that student.

Board employees are not required to respond to incidents when, in their opinion, responding would cause immediate physical harm to themselves or a student or another person. However, for incidents for which suspension or expulsion must be considered, Board employees must report these to the principal and confirm their report in writing using the "Safe Schools Incident Reporting Form – Part 1". For other incidents, where suspension or expulsion would not be considered as Board employees feel it is not safe to respond, they will be expected to inform the principal verbally as soon as possible. For example, a Board employee would not be required to respond if it would mean having to leave a student with special needs who would be in danger if left alone.

5. Support for Students

All employees of the Board must take seriously all allegations of bullying, racism, gender-based violence, homophobia, sexual harassment, inappropriate sexual behaviour and any other negative behaviour which would impact on the school climate. Schools are expected to support all students including those who disclose or report such incidents, by providing them with contact information about professional supports, both Board—based and community agency.

Principals are required to notify parents/guardians of the victim of serious student incidents unless the victim is 18 years old or over or the victim is 16 or 17 years of age and has withdrawn from parental control or in the opinion of the principal, doing so would put the victim at risk of harm from one parent. When principals have decided not to notify parents of victims, they must notify the teacher who reported the incident and the appropriate supervisory officer of this decision. Principals shall also, if they determine it is appropriate to do so, inform other Board employees of this decision. In addition, principals must refer students to a community agency that can provide the appropriate type of confidential support when his or her parents are not called.

When it is determined that it is necessary to separate students to preserve school safety or to protect a student, it is preferable that the victim not be moved. The Grand Erie Safe School Team will facilitate the move and transition of any students who it is determined need to change schools or school program as a result of a serious student incident.

6. **Delegation of Authority**

In the event that the school principal is not present on school property, the principal has the authority to delegate his/her powers, duties and functions to the vice-principal. Delegation may include all authority under Part XIII of the Education Act except the final decision regarding a recommendation to the Board to expel a pupil. Vice-principals may be delegated the authority to suspend a student for less than six school days.

In the event that there is no administrator present on school property, the principal's authority under Part XIII of the Education Act may be delegated in writing to a teacher and must respect the terms of all applicable collective agreements. When this occurs the principal must communicate to staff when and to whom administrative responsibilities have been delegated. The principal must also ensure that the teacher has access to Board policy, school emergency protocols and communication information for the Superintendent of Schools.

Teachers may be delegated the authority to initially deal with situations involving activities that occur that must be considered for suspension or expulsion. The most important consideration in these circumstances is the safety of those involved. The teacher must report all details of the initial investigation to the principal as soon as possible.

The teacher must report to the principal or vice-principal any activities that must be considered for suspension or expulsion that are received from staff or others during the principal's absence. A teacher may not be delegated authority regarding suspension decision or recommendations regarding expulsion of students.

A teacher may be delegated limited authority to contact the parents/guardian of a student who has been harmed as the result of an activity for which suspension or expulsion must be considered. The information provided to the parents/guardians by a teacher must be limited to the nature of the harm to the student and the nature of the activity that resulted in the harm.

The teacher must not be delegated the authority to discuss the nature of any discipline measures taken in response to the activity.

If the teacher is not sure whether he or she should call the parents, the teacher should contact the principal or supervisory officer for direction. The principal or vice-principal will follow up with the parents as soon as possible.

7. Circumstances in Which a Principal Must Consider Whether to Suspend a Student

A principal must consider whether to suspend a student when the principal believes that the student engaged in any of the activities set out below while at school, at a school related activity or in other circumstances where engaging in the activity will have an impact on the school climate:

- Uttering a threat to inflict serious bodily harm on another person;
- Possessing alcohol or restricted drugs;
- Being under the influence of alcohol;
- Swearing at a teacher or at another person in a position of authority;
- Committing an act of vandalism that causes extensive damage to school property at the pupil's school or to property located on the premises of the pupil's school;
- Bullying;
- Any act considered by the principal to be injurious to the moral tone of the school; or
- Any act considered by the principal to be injurious to the physical or mental well-being of any member of the school community.

Mitigating and other factors will be taken into consideration by the principal.

8. Circumstances in Which a Principal Must Suspend a Pupil Pending Expulsion

A principal shall suspend a student when the principal believes that the student engaged in any of the activities set out below while at school, at a school related activity or in other circumstances where engaging in the activity will have an impact on the school climate:

- Possessing a weapon, including possessing a firearm;
- Using a weapon to cause or to threaten bodily harm to another person;
- Committing physical assault on another person that causes bodily harm requiring treatment by a medical practitioner;
- Committing sexual assault;
- Trafficking in weapons or restricted drugs;
- Committing robbery;
- Providing alcohol to a minor;
- An act considered by the principal to be significantly injurious to the moral tone of the school and/or to the physical or mental well-being of others;
- A pattern of behaviour that is so inappropriate that the pupil's continued presence is injurious to the effective learning and/or working environment of others;
- Activities engaged in by the pupil on or off school property that cause the pupil's continuing presence in the school to create an unacceptable risk to the physical or mental well-being of other person(s) in the school or Board;
- Activities engaged in by the pupil on or off school property that have caused extensive damage to the property of the Board or to goods that are/were on Board property; or
- The pupil has demonstrated through a pattern of behaviour that s/he has not prospered by the instruction available to him or her and that s/he is persistently resistant to making changes in behaviour which would enable him or her to prosper.

In the event of a suspension for an activity, the principal shall conduct an inquiry to determine whether to recommend the expulsion of the student, in accordance with the *Education Act* and its *Regulations*, applicable Policy/Program Memorandums and the Administrative Procedures established to implement this Policy. Mitigating and other factors will be taken into consideration by the principal.

9. Communication and Outreach Strategies

Communication as Prevention

This procedure, related policies, and all related procedures will be communicated to parents/guardians, students, staff, and community members in the following ways:

- school agendas
- school newsletters
- Board website
- pamphlets delivered to parents/guardians
- introduction and review at school assemblies

All communication will include roles and responsibilities of all members of the school community, particularly for students, parents/guardians, and school staff.

As bullying is a community concern, our community is viewed as our partner in helping to diminish bullying. Working with community services to promote safe schools (e.g. Police Services, Victim Services, Children's Aid Society) ensures ongoing community involvement.

All Grand Erie employees (present and new hires) will be provided with information outlining policies and procedures related to Safe Schools, in addition to training opportunities as they arise.

10. Communication as Intervention

(a) Monitoring and Review

All Grand Erie schools will complete the Grand Erie District School Board school climate survey every two years, including one half of the school population at each monitoring period, that will assist in determining specific safety issues related to bullying. Safe Schools Teams will use information from the school climate surveys, as well as other data, to determine prevention, intervention, and training activities for their school.

(b) Training Strategy

The Grand Erie Safe Schools Team will develop a training strategy, on this procedure, for all employees of the Board. Schools should make sure that all educational stakeholders are aware of the Board's policy on progressive discipline. This strategy will include ways of responding to bullying, racism, gender based violence, homophobia, sexual harassment, inappropriate sexual behaviour and any other negative behaviour which would impact on the school climate. This training needs to be ongoing to ensure a safe teaching and learning environment.

(c) School Level Plans

Schools will develop a School Code of Conduct and Progressive Discipline and Bullying Intervention plan, which will include:

- definition of bullying
- prevention and awareness-raising strategies
- intervention and support strategies, including plans for the victims and referral to community agendas for further support
- procedure for students and parents to report bullying and harassment

All School Improvement Plans in Grand Erie will include a safe schools/bullying prevention component.

SAFE SCHOOLS INCIDENT REPORTING FORM — PART I —

CONFIDENTIAL

Report No:			
Name of School			
1.	Name of Student(s) Involved (if known)		
2.	Location of Incident (check one)	☐ At a location in the school or on	school property (please specify)
		☐ At a school-related activity (please specify)	
		☐ On a school bus (please specify i	route number)
		☐ Other (please specify)	
3.	Time of Incident	Date:	Time:
5.	Type of Incident (check all that apply) Report Submitted By	Activities for which suspension must b of the Education Act: Uttering a threat to inflict serious boo Possessing alcohol or illegal drugs Being under the influence of alcohol Swearing at a teacher or at another p Committing an act of vandalism that property at the student's school or to the student's school Bullying Any act considered by the principal to the school Any act considered by the principal to the school Any act considered by the principal to the school Activities for which expulsion must be of the Education Act: Possessing a weapon, including poss Using a weapon to cause or to threator Committing physical assault on another requiring treatment by a medical practice. Committing sexual assault Trafficking in weapons or illegal drug Committing robbery Giving alcohol to a minor	dily harm on another person erson in a position of authority causes extensive damage to school property located on the premises of to be injurious to the moral tone of to be injurious to the physical or the school community considered under section 310(1) essing a firearm en bodily harm to another person her person that caused bodily harm ctitioner
3.	Name:	·	
	Signature:		Date:
	Contact Information	:	·
	Location:		Telephone:

SAFE SCHOOLS INCIDENT REPORTING FORM — PART II —

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF RECEIPT

Report No.					
Report submitted by:	Name:		Date:		
☐ Action Taken		□ No Action Required			
Name of Principal:					
Signature:		Date:			
Note: Only Part II to be returned in the person who reported.					